



PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

Daisy Mae Torres-Marte
large liver mass

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC STUDY OF THE THORAX AND ABDOMEN

SPECIES Plain and post contrast studies are available for review.

Canine **COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**

THORAX

BREED

Yorkshire Terrier Mix

No discrete pulmonary nodules or focal parenchymal mass are identified. There is no evidence of pleural effusion.

Mild narrowing of the dorsal mantle diameter of the trachea is seen.

SEX

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The heart appears to be mildly enlarged with accentuation of basicoapical enlargement of the heart, which is indicating potential left sided cardiomegaly.

The bony and surrounding soft tissue structures are within normal limits.

AGE

13yr

The sternal, cranial mediastinal and tracheobronchial lymph nodes are small elongated with a normal short-to-long-axis-ratio is < 0.5, the attenuation and contrast enhancement pattern are uniform and considered within normal limits.

INTERPRETED BY

Nele Eley (Ondreka),
DVM Dr. med. vet.,
DipECVDI

The bronchial tree presents with regular branching and tapers uniformly towards the periphery as expected, the bronchial walls are thin and smooth. The bronchus-to-artery ratio is within normal limits.

The lung parenchyma presents the expected architecture and attenuation behavior.

HOSPITAL NAME

ASC Oceanside

Small incidental gas pockets are seen within the esophageal lumen, there is no evidence of abnormal dilation.

ABDOMEN

REFERRING VET

Dr Short

A large expansive cavernous mass expanding and occupying the left lateral liver lobe is seen, measuring ~ 6 cm x 7 cm. The mass occupies most of the cranial and central abdomen. Low attenuating central regions are contrast negative. Strong peripheral enhancement is noted. Evidence of additional liver nodules is not seen.

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The gallbladder is markedly distended with non-dependent inspissated biliary contents, which are partially mineralized. The gallbladder wall appears to be mildly thickened.

Multiple small hyperenhancing splenic nodules are noted.

DATE

11/11/2025

A small amount of non-obstructive mineral attenuating material is seen on the renal papilla bilaterally.



PATIENT The urinary bladder is located in a pelvic position. Multiple mineral attenuating foci and wall thickening are noted at the urinary bladder neck.

Daisy Mae Torres-Marté

COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHIC DIAGNOSIS

SPECIES

Canine

- Large cavernous mass of the left lateral liver lobe.
- Suspect chronic cholecystitis with biliary microlithiasis vs forming gallbladder mucocele
- Bilateral renal microlithiasis -non-obstructive
- Suspect mineralizing urinary bladder mass vs chronic cystitis with urinary bladder wall thickening and calculi
- Multiple splenic nodules
- Suspect mild left-sided cardiomegaly
- Mild tracheal collapse
- No evidence of pulmonary metastatic disease

BREED

Yorkshire Terrier Mix

SEX

INTERPRETATION OF FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS

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A large cavernous mass of the liver is noted most likely within the left lateral liver lobe. The mass is in a resectable position. Primary hepatic neoplasia such as carcinoma or adenoma is considered likely. Secondary neoplasia of the liver such as sarcoma or large abscess cannot be ruled out entirely but is considered less likely. Final diagnosis will require histopathology.

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The splenic nodules may represent benign lymphoid hyperplasia or extramedullary hematopoiesis. Metastatic disease is considered unlikely but cannot be ruled out entirely.

INTERPRETED BY

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DipECVDI

There is no evidence of pulmonary metastatic disease.

The findings of the gallbladder indicate potential for developing mucocele. Correlation with the laboratory values, clinical findings and intraoperative findings recommended.

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Consider abdominal ultrasound to further define the findings of the urinary bladder since the presence of a mineralizing infiltrate of the urinary bladder wall cannot be ruled out.

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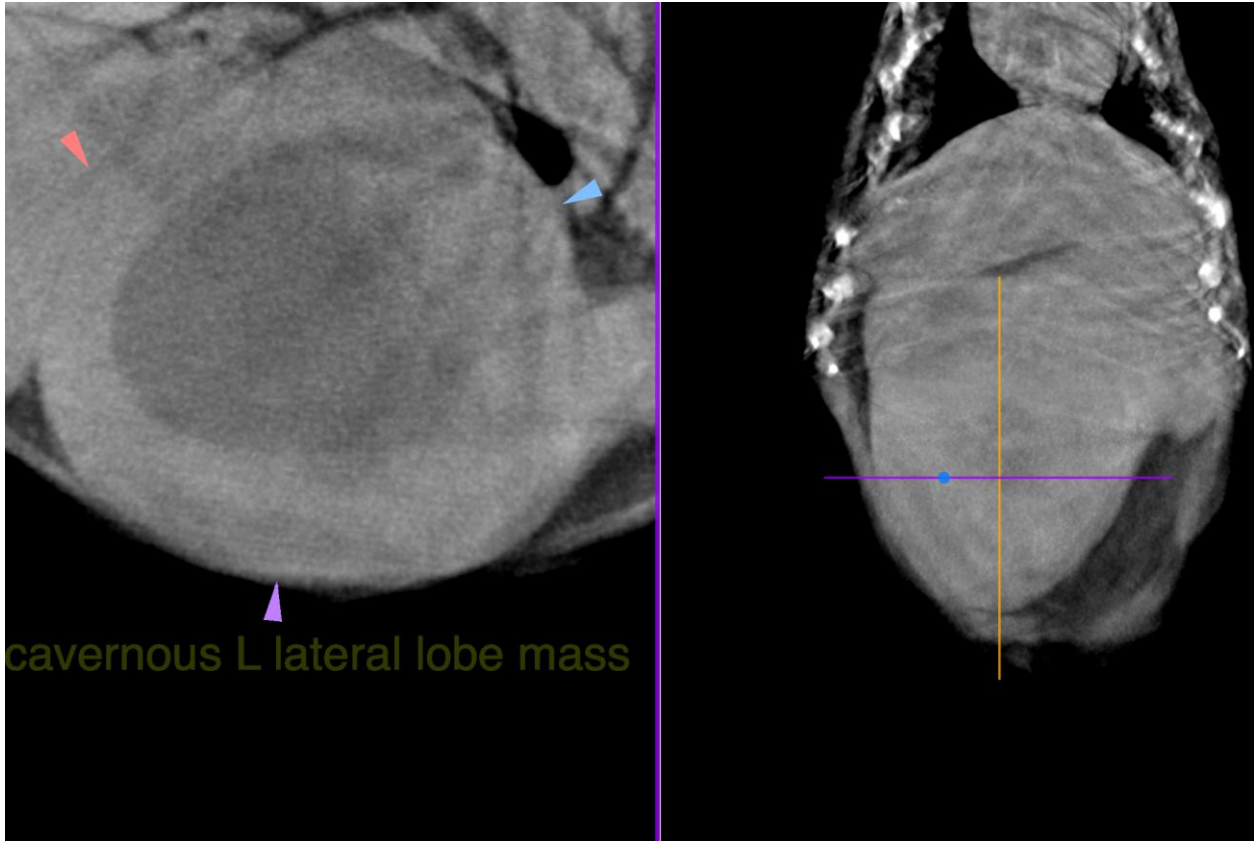
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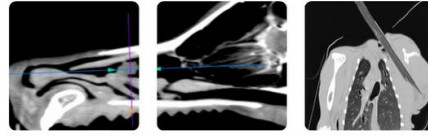
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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

SPECIES

Canine

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance please contact me.

BREED

Yorkshire Terrier Mix

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